## Synthesis and Characterization of Higher Order Structure of Wholly Aromatic Block Co-oligomers: Oligo(ether sulfone)-b-Oligo(ether ketone) s

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[Introduction] Block molecules such as block co-oligomers or copolymers are well-known self-assembling materials that offer intriguing tunable built-in nanoscopic domains and tailored surface or bulk properties<sup>1</sup>. A variety of coil-coil type<sup>2</sup> and rod-coil type block molecules<sup>3</sup> have been widely studied and found to exhibit various microphase-separated nanostructures such as spheres, cylinders, lamellae and unique supramolecular structures. Very few attempts, however, have been made at study of wholly aromatic rigid-rod block molecules, namely, rod-rod type block molecules. Herein, we report synthesis and self-assembly of wholly aromatic oligo(ether sulfone) (OES) and oligo(ether ketone) (OEK) di- and triblock co-oligomers (OES-b-OEK)s (Fig. 1.).

[Experiment, results and discussion] The well-defined di- and triblock OES-b-OEKs were synthesized by a stepwise aromatic nucleophilic substitution and deprotection reactions. The

chemical structures of di- and triblock OES-b-OEKs were characterized by FT-IR, <sup>1</sup>H-NMR, and MALDI-ToF-MS spectra. Molecular weights of the di- and triblock OES-b-OEKs were 1712.9 and 2236.7. respectively. The nanostructure characterization of OES-b-OEKs was carried out by using wide and small angle x-ray scattering (WAXS and SAXS) and transmission electron microscopy (TEM). The TEM image clearly showed layered nanoscale structure. The layer spacing in the nanostructures of diblock OES-b-OEK was approximately 94 Å, which is good agreement with that of x-ray scattering data of 91 Å (Fig.2.).

Diblock Cooligomer -┋-**ᠺ**ᡝᢩᡐ-ᠺᡝ Triblock Cooligome 1.Chemical structures of di and triblock cooligomers.

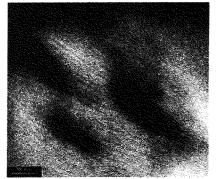


Fig. 2. TEM image of diblock co-oligomer (m = 3, n = 2).

[References]

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